Accelerating Leaders' Transitions: A New Approach to Executive Onboarding

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# Agenda

- Definitions and distinctions
- The business case
- Onboarding at The Ohio State University
- Lessons learned
- Your insights and feedback

# **Onboarding Defined**

- An intentional, structured approach to assimilate new leaders for purposes of leadership effectiveness and longevity.
- A several month systematic approach to developing a strong foundation for success.
- At Ohio State: a twelve-month process with a transition coach ... intended to lay the foundation for extraordinary leadership success...designed to help the new leader build relationships, understand culture, and achieve results at individual, unit, and University levels.

# **Orientation versus Onboarding**

Orientation	Onboarding
Learning the written rules	Learning the written and unwritten rules
An event	A process
Lasts the first month (at most)	May last a full year
Focus is on integration to the unit and the specific job	Multi-level focus: organization, unit, individual (personal)
Linear	Non-linear and non-sequential
Builds on past successes	Includes reflection and unlearning past successes

### Business Case: The Cost of a Failed Hire

- Watkins (2003):
  - Studies have shown that more than 40-50% of senior outside hires fail to achieve desired results.
  - \$2.7 million estimated costs to a company of a failed executive-level hire.

### Business Case: The Cost of a Failed Hire

- Conger & Fishel (2007):
  - On-the-job development
  - Severance
  - Recruitment
  - Stalled organizational initiatives
  - Loss of business knowledge
  - Damage to customer and staff relationships
  - Dampened employee morale
  - Lost opportunities

### Business Case: The Benefits of Onboarding

- Conger & Fishel:
  - Minimize the possibility of derailment
  - Accelerate performance results
  - Facilitate a smoother integration experience
- Kaiser Associates:
  - New leader
    - understands organizational norms and performance expectations
    - integrates into the company
    - is highly productive and engaged
  - Onboarding strategically contributes to company's brand as an employer-of-choice

- Watkins (2008):
  - Accelerates the time-to-performance
  - Contributes to talent retention
    - To reap the above benefits, three imperatives must be addressed:
      - Cultural adaptation
      - Political connection
      - Aligning expectations

Building Relationships	Understanding Culture	Achieving Results
<ul> <li>Guide the new leader in building robust relationships with:</li> <li>The person to whom the new leader reports</li> <li>All of University leadership</li> <li>Internal stakeholders</li> <li>External stakeholders (to OSU)</li> <li>Direct reports</li> <li>Indirect reports</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Advise the new leader on:</li> <li>Higher education</li> <li>The state of Ohio</li> <li>OSU culture (current and aspirational)</li> <li>Unit culture</li> <li>How the leader's role integrates with, or challenges, the existing cultures</li> <li>Assessing the situation in which the new leader will operate</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Dialogue with the new leader about:</li> <li>OSU institutional goals</li> <li>Stakeholder expectations</li> <li>Creating integrated, aligned performance goals</li> <li>Communicating performance goals with the person to whom new leader reports and direct reports</li> <li>Quick wins</li> </ul>

Administrative or "hygiene" factors must be addressed so the new leader can focus his/her attention on the above. See next slide.

Administrative/hygiene factors to address:

- Parking permit
- OSU ID
- Paychecks
- Enrollment in benefits programs
- Family relocation concerns
- Introductory announcements

Integrated, collaborative approach, involving:

- Vice President for Human Resources
- Organization Development
   Consultant/Transition Coach
- Key unit contact Senior Human Resources manager, direct report of new leader, etc.
- Hiring "manager" (Office of Academic Affairs/ President's Office)
- Many others in administrative/support roles
- New leader

Transition Coach - Someone:

- With whom to reflect on onboarding experiences and observations
- To use as a resource for "hard to ask" questions and "hard to find" answers
- To offer perspective on challenges
- To listen, help new leader think differently, and offer constructive feedback
- To assist in the diagnosis of the current situation

# Current Situation (Watkins, 2003)

Four broad types of situations a new leader may encounter:

- Start-up get a new business or product off the ground
- Turnaround get a group that is recognized to be in trouble back on track
- Realignment revitalize a unit that is drifting into trouble
- Sustaining success preserve the vitality of a successful organization and take it to the next level

For best results, a new leader's strategy should match the situation.

## Planned Feedback

#### From Connect the Dots Consulting:

When	Who	What
• 45-60 Days	<ul> <li>Boss</li> <li>Self</li> <li>Peers</li> <li>Team</li> <li>HR Partner</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Cultural fit</li> <li>Peer relationships</li> <li>Stakeholder perceptions</li> </ul>

# **Planned Feedback**

Our beliefs:

- A newly hired leader needs and deserves timely and respectful feedback.
- We aspire to create a culture of trust and openness in which the giving and receiving of feedback is abundant.

Our intentions (not yet realized):

- Feedback from hiring manager at two months, focused on three emphases of onboarding.
- An electronic survey in which direct reports anonymously give feedback at six months – see next slide. The compiled feedback is delivered by coach.

### Electronic Feedback from Direct Reports

Using a 4-point Likert Scale: Strongly Disagree, Disagree, Agree and Strongly Agree

- 1. <Name of leader> has established an effective working relationship with me.
- 2. <Name of leader> has established an effective working relationship with his/her entire leadership team.
- 3. <Name of leader> has established effective working relationships with key stakeholders.
- 4. <Name of leader> understands the mission of this unit.
- 5. <Name of leader> understands the culture of this unit.
- 6. <Name of leader> understands the culture at The Ohio State University.
- 7. <Name of leader> knows how to get things done at The Ohio State University.
- 8. <Name of leader> knows what is expected of him/her in this new leadership role.
- 9. <Name of leader> has successfully transitioned into his/her leadership role.
- **10**. I have confident that <Name of leader> will be a strong leader for this unit.
- 11. Comments about items 1-10 or additional thoughts about how successfully <Name of leader> has transitioned into his/her new leadership role.

# Measures of Onboarding Success

**1**. Face-to-face pulse survey – 60 days after start:

- How is your onboarding experience to date? What's missing?
- What has been most useful to you?
- How does the onboarding at OSU compare with onboarding you have experienced at other institutions?
- What one thing do you recommend occur differently with the next leader we onboard?
- 2. Electronic survey for new leaders at one year focused on satisfaction with onboarding.
- **3**. Retention at one year and five years.

# **Electronic Survey for New Leaders**

Using a 4-point Likert Scale: Strongly Disagree, Disagree, Agree and Strongly Agree

My onboarding experience, helped me to:

- 1. build the relationships I need to effectively perform in my role.
- 2. understand the culture of The Ohio State University.
- 3. align my performance goals with those of the university and university leadership.
- 4. learn how to get things done in this institution.
- 5. match my leadership strategy with the current situation in my unit.
- 6. build a leadership team within my unit.
- 7. receive timely feedback from my direct reports.
- 8. receive timely feedback from the person to whom I report.
- 9. take thoughtful action as a new leader.
- 10. personally assimilate.

What has been most valuable to you in your onboarding?

What recommendations do you have for the next leader who is onboarded?

## Factors Leading to Derailment

### DiBenedetto (2008):

- Unrealistic expectations the new leader was to solve all of the company's problems!
- Struggle for information internal networks are lacking; new leader does not know where to access key information.
- Rush to get results pressured to get results, new leaders act too rapidly or prematurely.
- Mismatch to culture new leader's style is inconsistent with that of the company.

# Factors Leading to Derailment (Cont'd)

- Internal hostility or mistrust of outside individuals

   new colleagues withhold information or are
   quick to criticize new leader. This is likely if an
   internal candidate failed to obtain the position.
- Conflicting messages new leader hears contradictory expectations.
- Acting on messages received during recruitment

   new leaders may try to fill a role as described during the recruitment process, missing key obstacles or pieces of information.

## Lessons Learned

- Each leadership position requires a unique onboarding plan.
- New leaders talk to one another!
- Establishing relationship between transition coach and new leader must happen quickly, and it often takes courage.
- "Hiring manager" must express the importance of onboarding and validate the time it requires.
- Grasping the culture of OSU for someone unfamiliar with higher education is a large undertaking.

## Resources + References

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