
Section 5 (j). Non-FEHB benefits available to Plan members

The benefits on this page are not part of the FEHB contract or premium, **and you cannot file an FEHB disputed claim about them.** Fees you pay for these services do not count toward FEHB deductibles or out-of-pocket maximums.

{{Plan specific list }}

Section 6. General exclusions -- things we don't cover

The exclusions in this section apply to all benefits. **Although we may list a specific service as a benefit, we will not cover it unless we determine it is medically necessary to prevent, diagnose, or treat your illness or condition.**

We do not cover the following:

- Services, drugs, or supplies you receive while you are not enrolled in this Plan;
- Services, drugs, or supplies that are not medically necessary;
- Services, drugs, or supplies not required according to accepted standards of medical, dental, or psychiatric practice;
- Experimental or investigational procedures, treatments, drugs or devices;
- Services, drugs, or supplies related to abortions, except when the life of the mother would be endangered if the fetus were carried to term, or when the pregnancy is the result of an act of rape or incest *{plan specific—can vary somewhat; discuss with contracts specialist }*;
- Services, drugs, or supplies related to sex transformations; or
- Services, drugs, or supplies you receive from a provider or facility barred from the FEHB Program.

{{Insert other “General Exclusions” from your 2000 brochure—your contract specialist will help you edit for plain language and necessity – BE SURE TO PUT “; or” after the next to last entry and then a period after the last entry}}

Section 7. Filing a claim for covered services

How to claim benefits

To obtain claim forms or other claims filing advice or answers about our benefits, contact us at _____, or at our website at www.xxx.

In most cases, providers and facilities file claims for you. Your physician must file on the form HCFA-1500, Health Insurance Claim Form. Your facility will file on the UB-92 form. For claims questions and assistance, call us at xxx.

When you must file a claim -- such as for overseas claims or when another group health plan is primary -- submit it on the HCFA-1500 or a claim form that includes the information shown below. Bills and receipts should be itemized and show:

- Name of patient and relationship to enrollee;
- Plan identification number of the enrollee;
- Name and address of person or firm providing the service or supply;
- Dates that services or supplies were furnished;
- Diagnosis;
- Type of each service or supply; and
- The charge for each service or supply.

Note: Canceled checks, cash register receipts, or balance due statements are not acceptable substitutes for itemized bills.

In addition:

- You must send a copy of the explanation of benefits (EOB) from any primary payer (such as the Medicare Summary Notice (MSN)) with your claim.
- Bills for home nursing care must show that the nurse is a registered or licensed practical nurse.
- Claims for rental or purchase of durable medical equipment; private duty nursing; and physical, occupational, and speech therapy require a written statement from the physician specifying the medical necessity for the service or supply and the length of time needed.
- Claims for prescription drugs and supplies that are not ordered through the Mail Service Prescription Drug Program must include receipts that include the prescription number, name of drug or supply, prescribing physician's name, date, and charge.

- We will provide translation and currency conversion services for claims for overseas (foreign) services.

Records

Keep a separate record of the medical expenses of each covered family member as deductibles and maximum allowances apply separately to each person. Save copies of all medical bills, including those you accumulate to satisfy a deductible. In most instances they will serve as evidence of your claim. We will not provide duplicate or year-end statements.

Deadline for filing your claim

Send us all of the documents for your claim as soon as possible. You must submit the claim by December 31 of the year after the year you received the service, unless timely filing was prevented by administrative operations of Government or legal incapacity, provided the claim was submitted as soon as reasonably possible. Once we pay benefits, there is a three-year limitation on the reissuance of uncashed checks.

Overseas claims

For covered services you receive in hospitals outside the United States and Puerto Rico and performed by physicians outside the United States, send a completed Overseas Claim Form and the itemized bills to: xxx. Obtain Overseas Claim Forms from: xxx. Send any written inquiries concerning the processing of overseas claims to this address.

When we need more information

Please reply promptly when we ask for additional information. We may delay processing or deny your claim if you do not respond.

Section 8. The disputed claims process

Follow this Federal Employees Health Benefits Program disputed claims process if you disagree with our decision on your claim or request for services, drugs, or supplies – including a request for preauthorization/prior approval:

Step	Description
1	<p>Ask us in writing to reconsider our initial decision. You must:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Write to us within 6 months from the date of our decision; and(b) Send your request to us at: <i>{{Plan address}}</i>; and(c) Include a statement about why you believe our initial decision was wrong, based on specific benefit provisions in this brochure; and(d) Include copies of documents that support your claim, such as physicians' letters, operative reports, bills, medical records, and explanation of benefits (EOB) forms.
2	<p>We have 30 days from the date we receive your request to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">(a) Pay the claim (or arrange for the health care provider to give you the care); or(b) Write to you and maintain our denial -- go to step 4; or(c) Ask you or your medical provider for more information. If we ask your provider, we will send you a copy of our request—go to step 3.
3	<p>You or your provider must send the information so that we receive it within 60 days of our request. We will then decide within 30 more days.</p> <p>If we do not receive the information within 60 days, we will decide within 30 days of the date the information was due. We will base our decision on the information we already have.</p> <p>We will write to you with our decision.</p>
4	<p>If you do not agree with our decision, you may ask OPM to review it.</p> <p>You must write to OPM within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• 90 days after the date of our letter upholding our initial decision; or• 120 days after you first wrote to us -- if we did not answer that request in some way within 30 days; or• 120 days after we asked for additional information. <p>Write to OPM at: Office of Personnel Management, Office of Insurance Programs, Contracts Division xx, P.O. Box 436, Washington, D.C. 20044-0436.</p>

Send OPM the following information:

- A statement about why you believe our decision was wrong, based on specific benefit provisions in this brochure;
- Copies of documents that support your claim, such as physicians' letters, operative reports, bills, medical records, and explanation of benefits (EOB) forms;
- Copies of all letters you sent to us about the claim;
- Copies of all letters we sent to you about the claim; and
- Your daytime phone number and the best time to call.

Note: If you want OPM to review different claims, you must clearly identify which documents apply to which claim.

Note: You are the only person who has a right to file a disputed claim with OPM. Parties acting as your representative, such as medical providers, must provide a copy of your specific written consent with the review request.

Note: The above deadlines may be extended if you show that you were unable to meet the deadline because of reasons beyond your control.

5 OPM will review your disputed claim request and will use the information it collects from you and us to decide whether our decision is correct. OPM will send you a final decision within 60 days. There are no other administrative appeals.

6 If you do not agree with OPM's decision, your only recourse is to sue. If you decide to sue, you must file the suit against OPM in Federal court by December 31 of the third year after the year in which you received the disputed services or supplies. This is the only deadline that may not be extended.

OPM may disclose the information it collects during the review process to support their disputed claim decision. This information will become part of the court record.

You may not sue until you have completed the disputed claims process. Further, Federal law governs your lawsuit, benefits, and payment of benefits. The Federal court will base its review on the record that was before OPM when OPM decided to uphold or overturn our decision. You may recover only the amount of benefits in dispute.

NOTE: If you have a serious or life threatening condition (one that may cause permanent loss of bodily functions or death if not treated as soon as possible), and

- (a) We haven't responded yet to your initial request for care or preauthorization/prior approval, then call us at xxx and we will expedite our review; or
- (b) We denied your initial request for care or preauthorization/prior approval, then:
 - If we expedite our review and maintain our denial, we will inform OPM so that they can give your claim expedited treatment too, or
 - You can call OPM's Health Benefits Contracts Division xx at 202/606-xxxx between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. eastern time.

Section 9. Coordinating benefits with other coverage

When you have other health coverage You must tell us if you are covered or a family member is covered under another group health plan or have automobile insurance that pays medical expenses without regard to fault. This is called “double coverage.”

When you have double coverage, one plan normally pays its benefits in full as the primary payer and the other plan pays a reduced benefit as the secondary payer. We, like other insurers, determine which coverage is primary according to the National Association of Insurance Commissioners' guidelines.

When we are the primary payer, we will pay the benefits described in this brochure.

When we are the secondary payer, we will determine our allowance. After the primary plan pays, we will pay what is left of our allowance, up to our regular benefit. We will not pay more than our allowance. *{{plan specific—negotiate differences with contracting officer}}*

●Original Medicare

When you are enrolled in this Plan and Original Medicare, you still need to follow the rules in this brochure for us to cover your care. *{Plan specific... Your care must continue to be authorized by your Plan PCP, or precertified as required.}*

Claims process -- You probably will never have to file a claim form when you have both our Plan and Medicare.

- When we are the primary payer, we process the claim first.
- When Original Medicare is the primary payer, Medicare processes your claim first. In most cases, your claims will be coordinated automatically and we will pay the balance of covered charges. You will not need to do anything. To find out if you need to do something about filing your claims, call us at _____. [web too, etc]

We waive some costs when you have Medicare -- When Medicare is the primary payer, we will waive some out-of-pocket costs, as follows: *[also plan specific: primary payer] [Alt: “In this case we do not waive any out-of-pocket costs.”] [plan specific list; sample below]*

- Medical services and supplies provided by physicians and other health care professionals. If you are enrolled in Medicare Part B, we will waive..... *[plan specific--show each type of benefit you waive for]*

The following chart illustrates whether Original Medicare or this Plan should be the primary payer for you according to your employment status and other factors determined by Medicare. It is critical that you tell us if you or a covered family member has Medicare coverage so we can administer these requirements correctly.

Primary Payer Chart		
A. When either you -- or your covered spouse -- are age 65 or over and ...	Then the primary payer is...	
	Original Medicare	This Plan
1) Are an active employee with the Federal government (including when you or a family member are eligible for Medicare solely because of a disability),		✓
2) Are an annuitant,	✓	
3) Are a reemployed annuitant with the Federal government when...		
a) The position is excluded from FEHB.....	✓	
b) Or, the position is not excluded from FEHB.....		✓
Ask your employing office which of these applies to you.		
4) Are a Federal judge who retired under title 28, U.S.C., or a Tax Court judge who retired under Section 7447 of title 26, U.S.C. (or if your covered spouse is this type of judge),	✓	
5) Are enrolled in Part B only, regardless of your employment status,	✓ (for Part B services)	✓ (for other services)
6) Are a former Federal employee receiving Workers' Compensation and the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs has determined that you are unable to return to duty,	✓ (except for claims related to Workers' Compensation.)	
B. When you -- or a covered family member -- have Medicare based on end stage renal disease (ESRD) and...		
1) Are within the first 30 months of eligibility to receive Part A benefits solely because of ESRD,		✓
2) Have completed the 30-month ESRD coordination period and are still eligible for Medicare due to ESRD,	✓	
3) Become eligible for Medicare due to ESRD after Medicare became primary for you under another provision,	✓	
C. When you or a covered family member have FEHB and...		
1) Are eligible for Medicare based on disability,		
a) And are an annuitant.....	✓	
b) And are an active employee.....		✓

•Medicare+Choice

If you are eligible for Medicare, you may choose to enroll in a Medicare+Choice plan. To learn more about enrolling in a Medicare+Choice plan, contact Medicare at 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227) or at www.medicare.gov. If you enroll in a Medicare+Choice plan, the following options are available to you:

This Plan and another Plan's Medicare+Choice plan: You may enroll in another plan's Medicare+Choice plan and also remain enrolled in our FEHB plan. We will still provide benefits when your Medicare+Choice plan is primary, but we will not waive any of our copayments, coinsurance, or deductibles. *[[Last sentence plan specific; for instance, could be: We will waive these deductibles or coinsurance if you receive services from providers who do not participate in the Medicare+Choice plan: {list}.]]*

Suspended FEHB coverage and a Medicare+Choice plan: If you are an annuitant or former spouse, you can suspend your FEHB coverage and enroll in a Medicare+Choice plan. For information on suspending your FEHB enrollment, contact your retirement office. If you later want to re-enroll in the FEHB Program, generally you may do so only at the next Open Season unless you involuntarily lose coverage or move out of the Medicare+Choice service area.

•Private Contract

A physician may ask you to sign a private contract agreeing that you can be billed directly for service ordinarily covered by Original Medicare. Should you sign an agreement, Medicare will not pay any portion of the charges, and we will not increase our payment. We will still limit our payment to the amount we would have paid after Original Medicare's payment.

•Enrollment in Medicare Part B

Note: We cannot require you to enroll in Medicare. If you choose not to enroll in Medicare Part B, you can still be covered under the FEHB Program.

TRICARE

TRICARE is the health care program for members, eligible dependents, and retirees of the military. TRICARE includes the CHAMPUS program. If both TRICARE and this Plan cover you, we pay first. See your TRICARE Health Benefits Advisor if you have questions about TRICARE coverage.

Workers' Compensation

We do not cover services that:

- you need because of a workplace-related disease or injury that the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP) or a similar Federal or State agency determines they must provide; or
- OWCP or a similar agency pays for through a third party injury settlement or other similar proceeding that is based on a claim you filed under OWCP or similar laws.

Once OWCP or similar agency pays its maximum benefits for your treatment, we will cover your benefits.

Medicaid

When you have this Plan and Medicaid, we pay first.

When other Government agencies are responsible for your care We do not cover services and supplies when a local, State, or Federal Government agency directly or indirectly pays for them.

When others are responsible for injuries *[[Plan specific]]* When you receive money to compensate you for medical or hospital care for injuries or illness caused by another person, you must reimburse us for any expenses we paid. However, we will cover the cost of treatment that exceeds the amount you received in the settlement.

If you do not seek damages you must agree to let us try. This is called subrogation. If you need more information, contact us for our subrogation procedures.

Section 10. Definitions of terms we use in this brochure

Calendar year	January 1 through December 31 of the same year. For new enrollees, the calendar year begins on the effective date of their enrollment and ends on December 31 of the same year.
Copayment	A copayment is a fixed amount of money you pay when you receive covered services. See page xx. <i>{{Plan: the page xx is Section 4 page that explains copayment. Do not explain it again here.}}</i>
Coinsurance	Coinsurance is the percentage of our allowance that you must pay for your care. You may also be responsible for additional amounts. See page xx. <i>{{Plan: the page xx is Section 4 page that explains coinsurance. Do not explain it again here.}}</i>
Covered services	Services we provide benefits for, as described in this brochure.
Custodial care	<i>{{Insert 2000 definition, if any; edit to plain language}}</i>
Deductible	A deductible is a fixed amount of covered expenses you must incur for certain covered services and supplies before we start paying benefits for those services. See page xx. <i>{{Plan: the page xx is Section 4 page that explains deductible. Do not explain it again here.}}</i>
Experimental or investigational services	<i>{{Insert definition from section 3 of your 2000 brochure}}</i>
Group health coverage	<i>{{Insert last year's definition, if you had one}}</i>
Medical necessity	<i>{{Insert last year's definition if you need it – restate in plain language}}</i>
Plan allowance	<p>Our Plan allowance is the amount we use to determine our payment and your coinsurance for covered services. Fee-for-service plans determine their allowances in different ways. We determine our allowance as follows:</p> <p><i>{{plan, explain how you do that. Regular definition -- in plain language -- and how you base allowance, i.e., base Plan allowance on the reasonable and customary charge. Be sure to show that preferred providers accept the plan allowance as payment in full!}}</i></p> <p><i>{{NOTE to Plan: instead of URC, R&C, UC, etc, all plans will use “Plan allowance” or “our allowance”, depending on where you say it. It will be easier for enrollees to understand and should reduce enrollee confusion about their own meaning of R&C vs the plan’s meaning. Makes it clear this is the Plan’s determination – not open to debate – and not a general/commonplace determination of what is reasonable or customary.}}</i></p> <p><i>{{Change to Plan allowance applies to HMOs too: If you have coinsurance AND use R&C or like term in Section 5 Benefits --}}</i></p>

substitute “Plan allowance” or “our allowance” for R&C or other term and describe Plan allowance here. }}

For more information, see *Differences between our allowance and the bill* in Section 4.

Us/We

Us and we refer to *{insert plan name}*

You

You refers to the enrollee and each covered family member.

Section 11. FEHB facts

No pre-existing condition limitation

We will not refuse to cover the treatment of a condition that you had before you enrolled in this Plan solely because you had the condition before you enrolled.

Where you can get information about enrolling in the FEHB Program

See www.opm.gov/insure. Also, your employing or retirement office can answer your questions, and give you a *Guide to Federal Employees Health Benefits Plans*, brochures for other plans, and other materials you need to make an informed decision about:

- When you may change your enrollment;
- How you can cover your family members;
- What happens when you transfer to another Federal agency, go on leave without pay, enter military service, or retire;
- When your enrollment ends; and
- When the next open season for enrollment begins.

We don't determine who is eligible for coverage and, in most cases, cannot change your enrollment status without information from your employing or retirement office.

Types of coverage available for you and your family

Self Only coverage is for you alone. Self and Family coverage is for you, your spouse, and your unmarried dependent children under age 22, including any foster children or stepchildren your employing or retirement office authorizes coverage for. Under certain circumstances, you may also continue coverage for a disabled child 22 years of age or older who is incapable of self-support.

If you have a Self Only enrollment, you may change to a Self and Family enrollment if you marry, give birth, or add a child to your family. You may change your enrollment 31 days before to 60 days after that event. The Self and Family enrollment begins on the first day of the pay period in which the child is born or becomes an eligible family member. When you change to Self and Family because you marry, the change is effective on the first day of the pay period that begins after your employing office receives your enrollment form.

Your employing or retirement office will **not** *{{Plan -- put the word note in bold face type.}}* notify you when a family member is no longer eligible to receive health benefits, nor will we. Please tell us immediately when you add or remove family members from your coverage for any reason, including divorce, or when your child under age 22 marries or turns 22.

If you or one of your family members is enrolled in one FEHB plan, that person may not be enrolled in or covered as a family member by another FEHB plan.

When benefits and premiums start

The benefits in this brochure are effective on January 1. If you are new to this Plan, your coverage and premiums begin on the first day of your first pay period that starts on or after January 1. Annuitants' premiums begin on January 1.

Your medical and claims records are confidential

We will keep your medical and claims information confidential. Only the following will have access to it:

- OPM, this Plan, and subcontractors when they administer this contract;
- This Plan, and appropriate third parties, such as other insurance plans and the Office of Workers' Compensation Programs (OWCP), when coordinating benefit payments and subrogating claims;
- Law enforcement officials when investigating and/or prosecuting alleged civil or criminal actions;
- OPM and the General Accounting Office when conducting audits;
- Individuals involved in bona fide medical research or education that does not disclose your identity; or
- OPM, when reviewing a disputed claim or defending litigation about a claim.

When you retire

When you retire, you can usually stay in the FEHB Program. Generally, you must have been enrolled in the FEHB Program for the last five years of your Federal service. If you do not meet this requirement, you may be eligible for other forms of coverage, such as Temporary Continuation (TCC).

When you lose benefits

•When FEHB coverage ends

You will receive an additional 31 days of coverage, for no additional premium, when:

- Your enrollment ends, unless you cancel your enrollment, or
- You are a family member no longer eligible for coverage.

You may be eligible for spouse equity coverage or Temporary Continuation of Coverage.

• Spouse equity coverage

If you are divorced from a Federal employee or annuitant, you may not continue to get benefits under your former spouse's enrollment. But, you may be eligible for your own FEHB coverage under the spouse equity law. If you are recently divorced or are anticipating a divorce, contact your ex-spouse's employing or retirement office to get RI 70-5, the Guide to Federal Employees Health Benefits Plans for Temporary Continuation of Coverage and Former Spouse Enrollees, or other information about your coverage choices.

•TCC

If you leave Federal service, or if you lose coverage because you no longer qualify as a family member, you may be eligible for Temporary Continuation of Coverage (TCC). For example, you can receive TCC if you are not able to continue your FEHB enrollment after you retire.

You may not elect TCC if you are fired from your Federal job due to gross misconduct.

Get the RI 79-27, which describes TCC, and the RI 70-5, the Guide to Federal Employees Health Benefits Plans for Temporary Continuation of Coverage and Former Spouse Enrollees, from your employing or retirement office or from www.opm.gov/insure.

•Converting to individual coverage

You may convert to an individual policy if:

- Your coverage under TCC or the spouse equity law ends. If you canceled your coverage or did not pay your premium, you cannot convert;
- You decided not to receive coverage under TCC or the spouse equity law; or
- You are not eligible for coverage under TCC or the spouse equity law.

If you leave Federal service, your employing office will notify you of your right to convert. You must apply in writing to us within 31 days after you receive this notice. However, if you are a family member who is losing coverage, the employing or retirement office will **not** notify you. You must apply in writing to us within 31 days after you are no longer eligible for coverage.

Your benefits and rates will differ from those under the FEHB Program; however, you will not have to answer questions about your health, and we will not impose a waiting period or limit your coverage due to pre-existing conditions.

Getting a Certificate of Group Health Plan Coverage

If you leave the FEHB Program, we will give you a Certificate of Group Health Plan Coverage that indicates how long you have been enrolled with us. You can use this certificate when getting health insurance or other health care coverage. Your new plan must reduce or eliminate waiting periods, limitations, or exclusions for health related conditions based on the information in the certificate, as long as you enroll within 63 days of losing coverage under this Plan.

If you have been enrolled with us for less than 12 months, but were previously enrolled in other FEHB plans, you may also request a certificate from those plans.

Inspector General Advisory

Stop health care fraud! Fraud increases the cost of health care for everyone. If you suspect that a physician, pharmacy, or hospital has charged you for services you did not receive, billed you twice for the same service, or misrepresented any information, do the following:

- Call the provider and ask for an explanation. There may be an error.
- If the provider does not resolve the matter, call us at xxx/xxx-xxxx and explain the situation.
- If we do not resolve the issue, call **THE HEALTH CARE FRAUD HOTLINE--202/418-3300** or write to: The United States Office of Personnel Management, Office of the Inspector General Fraud Hotline, 1900 E Street, NW, Room 6400, Washington, DC 20415.

Penalties for Fraud

Anyone who falsifies a claim to obtain FEHB Program benefits can be prosecuted for fraud. Also, the Inspector General may investigate anyone who uses an ID card if they try to obtain services for a person who is not an eligible family member, or are no longer enrolled in the Plan and try to obtain benefits. Your agency may also take administrative action against you.

Department of Defense/FEHB Demonstration Project

{{Insert this section if you are a demonstration project participating plan..}}

What is it?

The Department of Defense/FEHB Demonstration Project allows some active and retired uniformed service members and their dependents to enroll in the FEHB Program. The demonstration will last for three years and began with the 1999 open season for the year 2000. Open season enrollments will be effective January 1, 2001. DoD and OPM have set up some special procedures to implement the Demonstration Project, noted below. Otherwise, the provisions described in this brochure apply.

Who is eligible

DoD determines who is eligible to enroll in the FEHB Program. Generally, you may enroll if:

- You are an active or retired uniformed service member and are eligible for Medicare;
- You are a dependent of an active or retired uniformed service member and are eligible for Medicare;
- You are a qualified former spouse of an active or retired uniformed service member and you have not remarried; or
- You are a survivor dependent of a deceased active or retired uniformed service member; and
- You live in one of the geographic demonstration areas.

If you are eligible to enroll in a plan under the regular Federal Employees Health Benefits Program, you are not eligible to enroll under the DoD/FEHBP Demonstration Project.

The demonstration areas

- Dover AFB, DE
- Fort Knox, KY
- Dallas, TX
- New Orleans, LA
- Adair County, IA
- Commonwealth of Puerto Rico
- Greensboro/Winston Salem/High Point, NC
- Humboldt County, CA area
- Naval Hospital, Camp Pendleton, CA
- Coffee County, GA

When you can join

You may enroll under the FEHB/DoD Demonstration Project during the 2000 open season, November 13, 2000, through December 11, 2000. Your coverage will begin January 1, 2001. DoD has set-up an Information Processing Center (IPC) in Iowa to provide you with information about how to enroll. IPC staff will verify your eligibility and provide you with FEHB Program information, plan brochures, enrollment instructions and forms. The toll-free phone number for the IPC is 1-877/DOD-FEHB (1-877/363-3342).

You may select coverage for yourself (Self Only) or for you and your family (Self and Family) during the 2000 and 2001 open seasons. Your coverage will begin January 1 of the year following the open season during which you enrolled.

If you become eligible for the DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project outside of open season, contact the IPC to find out how to enroll and when your coverage will begin.

DoD has a web site devoted to the Demonstration Project. You can view information such as their Marketing/Beneficiary Education Plan, Frequently Asked Questions, demonstration area locations and zip code lists at www.tricare.osd.mil/fehbp. You can also view information about the demonstration project, including “The 2001 Guide to Federal Employees Health Benefits Plans Participating in the DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project,” on the OPM web site at www.opm.gov.

TCC eligibility

See Section 11, FEHB Facts; it explains temporary continuation of coverage (TCC). Under this DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project the **only** individual eligible for TCC is one who ceases to be eligible as a “member of family” under your self and family enrollment. This occurs when a child turns 22, for example, or if you divorce and your spouse does not qualify to enroll as an unremarried former spouse under title 10, United States Code. For these individuals, TCC begins the day after their enrollment in the DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project ends. TCC enrollment terminates after 36 months or the end of the Demonstration Project, whichever occurs first. You, your child, or another person must notify the IPC when a family member loses eligibility for coverage under the DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project.

TCC is not available if you move out of a DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project area, you cancel your coverage, or your coverage is terminated for any reason. TCC is not available when the demonstration project ends.

Other features

The 31-day extension of coverage and right to convert do not apply to the DoD/FEHB Demonstration Project.

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{Use this list as a base; remove terms you don't use; add as appropriate.}

Do not rely on this page; it is for your convenience and does not explain your benefit coverage.

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Preventive care, children xx
Prior approval xx
Prostate cancer screening xx
Prosthetic devices xx
Psychologist xx
Psychotherapy xx
Radiation therapy xx
Rehabilitative therapies xx
Renal dialysis xx
Room and board xx
Second surgical opinion xx
Skilled nursing facility care xx
Smoking cessation xx
Social Worker xx
Speech therapy xx
Splints xx
Sterilization procedures xx
Subrogation xx
Substance abuse xx
Surgery xx
• Anesthesia xx
• Assistant surgeon xx
• Multiple procedures xx
• Oral xx
• Outpatient xx
• Reconstructive xx
Syringes xx
Temporary continuation of coverage xx
Transplants xx
Treatment therapies xx
Vision services xx
Well child care xx
Wheelchairs xx
Workers' compensation xx
X-rays xx

{Insert summary page -- we will forward frame page separately.}

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