## Attachment A Proposed Changes to Standard 2008 Fee-For-Service Health Benefits Contract

<u>NOTE</u>: New and revised language is <u>underlined</u> and language to be deleted is struck out.

1. We are adding language to <u>Section 1.22 ADMINISTRATIVE SIMPLIFICATION-</u> <u>HIPAA (JAN 2008)</u> to reflect the HIPAA standards for unique identifiers and protected health information security issued by the Department of Health and Human Services.

(a) The Carrier shall implement and be in compliance with the Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) regulations regarding the standards for electronic transactions, code sets <u>and unique identifiers</u> on the date DHHS specifies. Subject to paragraph (c) of this section, the regulations at 45 CFR parts 160 and 162 are incorporated by reference in this contract.

(b) The Carrier shall implement and be in compliance with the DHHS regulations regarding the standards for privacy <u>and security</u> of individually identifiable health information on the date DHHS specifies. Subject to paragraph (c) of this section, the regulations at 45 CFR parts 160 and 164 are incorporated by reference in this contract.

(c) Because OPM has determined that the DHHS administrative simplification regulations should serve as a uniform nationwide standard for the FEHB Program, and because of the preemption provision at 5 U.S.C. 8902(m)(1), the provisions of 45 CFR part 160, subpart B are inapplicable to the Carrier with respect to the Plan.

(d) If the Carrier is an employee organization that retains an underwriter, then these requirements also apply to the underwriter with respect to the Plan. If the Carrier for the plan authorized under 5 U.S.C. 8903(1), qualifies for limited application of the HHS Privacy Rule as a business associate, then the HHS Privacy Rule requirements apply to the underwriting participating affiliates.

## 2. We are adding Section 1.29 HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

<u>REQUIREMENTS (JAN 2008)</u> to be in compliance with Executive Order 13410, *Promoting Quality and Efficient Health Care in Federal Government Administered or Sponsored Health Care Programs.* This Executive Order states that each agency shall require in contracts or agreements with health care providers, health plans, or health insurance issuers that as each provider, plan, or issuer implements, acquires or upgrades health information technology systems, it shall utilize, where available, health information technology systems and products that meet recognized interoperability standards. The clause will read as follows:

## Section 1.29 HEALTH INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY REQUIREMENTS (JAN 2008)

(a) The Carrier agrees that procurements for applicable health information technology systems and product updates, acquisitions, and installations that begin after January 1, 2008, will meet interoperability standards that are recognized and certified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the appropriate designated body at the time the systems are updated, acquired or implemented.

(b) The Carrier also agrees that as its provider agreements are established or renewed, it will take reasonable steps to encourage contracted providers to comply with applicable interoperability standards that are recognized and certified by the Secretary of Health and Human Services, or the appropriate designated body.

3. We are adding language to <u>Section 2.3 PAYMENT OF BENEFITS AND PROVISION</u> <u>OF SERVICES AND SUPPLIES (JAN 2008)</u>. Our intent is to ensure that Carriers return claims overpayments to the FEHB Program on a timely basis.

(a) By enrolling or accepting services under this contract, Members are obligated to all terms, conditions, and provisions of this contract. The Carrier may request Members to complete reasonable forms or provide information which the Carrier may reasonably request, provided, however, that the Carrier shall not require Members to complete any form as a precondition of receiving benefits unless the form has first been approved for use by OPM. Notwithstanding Section 2.9, *Claims Processing*, forms requiring specific approval do not include claim forms and other forms necessary to receive payment of individual claims.

(b) All benefits shall be paid (with appropriate documentation of payment) within a reasonable time after receipt of reasonable proof covering the occurrence, character, and extent of the event for which the claim is made. The claimant shall furnish satisfactory evidence that all services or supplies for which expenses are claimed are covered services or supplies within the meaning of the contract.

(c) The procedures and time period for filing claims shall be as specified in the agreed upon brochure text (*Appendix A*). However, failure to file a claim within the time required shall not in itself invalidate or reduce any claim where timely filing was prevented by administrative operations of Government or legal incapacitation, provided the claim was submitted as soon as reasonably possible.

(d) The Carrier may request a Member to submit to one or more medical examinations to determine whether benefits applied for are for services and supplies necessary for the diagnosis or treatment of an illness or injury or covered condition of the Member and may withhold payment of such benefits pending completion of the examinations. The examinations shall be made at the expense of the Carrier by a physician selected by the Member from a panel of at least three physicians whose names are furnished by the Carrier, and the results of the examinations shall be made available to the Carrier and the Member.

(e) As a condition precedent to the provision of benefits hereunder, the Carrier, to the extent reasonable and necessary and consistent with Federal law, shall be entitled to obtain from any person, organization or Government agency, including the Office of Personnel Management, all information and records relating to visits or examination of, or treatment rendered or supplies furnished to, a Member as the Carrier requires in the administration of such benefits. The Carrier may obtain from any insurance company or other organization or person any information, with respect to any Member, which it has determined is reasonably necessary to:

(1) identify enrollment in a plan,

(2) verify eligibility for payment of a claim for health benefits, and

(3) carry out the provisions of the contract, such as subrogation, recovery of payments made in error, workers compensation, and coordination of benefits.

(f) Benefits are payable to the Enrollee in the Plan or his or her assignees. However, under the following circumstances different payment arrangements are allowed:

(1) Reimbursement Payments for the Enrollee. If benefits become payable to the estate of an Enrollee or an Enrollee is a minor, or an Enrollee is physically or mentally not competent to give a valid release, the Carrier may either pay such benefits directly to a hospital or other provider of services or pay such benefits to any relative by blood or connection by marriage of the Enrollee determined by the Carrier to be equitably entitled thereto.

(2) Reimbursement Payments for a minor child. If a child is covered as a family member under the Enrollee's self and family enrollment and is in the custody of a person other than the Enrollee, and if that other person certifies to the Carrier that he or she has custody of and financial responsibility for the dependent child, then the Carrier may issue an identification card for the dependent child(ren) to that person and may reimburse that person for any covered medical service or supply.

(3) Reimbursement Payments to family members covered under the Enrollee's self and family enrollment. If a covered child is legally responsible, or if a covered spouse is legally separated, and if the covered person does not reside with the Enrollee and certifies such conditions to the Carrier, then the Carrier may issue an identification card to the person and may reimburse that person for any covered medical service or supply. In the case of a legally separated spouse, the Carrier may also furnish the explanation of benefits to the spouse when determined by the Carrier to be required.

(4) Reimbursement payments to Government programs, such as Medicaid. If Federal law provides that reimbursement is payable to a Government program under coordination of benefits or similar rules, in lieu of being payable to the Enrollee or other covered person, the Carrier may reimburse the other Government program for any covered medical service or supply. To the degree that the Carrier is able to identify Medicaid beneficiaries, the Carrier will process claims directly to the provider of service or reimburse the Medicaid agency if the Medicaid agency has already paid the provider and is seeking reimbursement. When this situation is identified, the Carrier will update the member's records to ensure proper adjudication of claims.

(5) Compliance with the HIPAA Privacy Rule. The Carrier may pay benefits to a covered person other than the Enrollee when in the exercise of its discretion the Carrier decides that such action is necessary to comply with the HIPAA Privacy Rule, 45 C.F.R. §164.500 <u>et seq</u>.

(6) Any payments made in good faith in accordance with paragraphs (f)(1) through (f)(5) shall fully discharge the Carrier to the extent of such payment.

(g) *Erroneous Payments*. If the Carrier or OPM determines that <u>notwithstanding</u> appropriate application of the Carrier's operation procedures, a Member's claim has been paid in error (except <u>in the case of</u> fraud <u>or</u> abuse), the Carrier shall make a prompt and diligent effort to recover the erroneous payment to the member from the member or, if to the provider, from the provider. The Carrier shall follow general business practices and procedures in collecting debts owed under the Federal Employees Health Benefits

Program. Prompt and diligent effort to recover erroneous payments means that upon discovering that an erroneous payment exists, the Carrier shall--

(1) Send a written notice of erroneous payment to the member or provider that provides: (A) an explanation of when and how the erroneous payment occurred, (B) when applicable, cite the appropriate contractual benefit provision, (C) the exact identifying information (i.e., dollar amount paid erroneously, date paid, check number, date of service and provider name), (D) a request for payment of the debt in full, and (E) an explanation of what may occur should the debt not be paid, including possible offset to future benefits. The notice may also offer an installment option. In addition, the Carrier shall provide the debtor with an opportunity to dispute the existence and amount of the debt before proceeding with collection activities;

(2) After confirming that the debt does exist and in the appropriate amount, send follow-up notices to the member or the provider at 30, 60 and 90 day intervals, if the debt remains unpaid and undisputed;

(3) The Carrier may off-set future benefits payable to the member or to a provider on behalf of the member to satisfy a debt due under the FEHBP if the debt remains unpaid and undisputed for 120 days after the first notice;

(4) After applying the first three steps, refer cases when it is cost effective to do so to a collection attorney or a collection agency if the debt is not recovered;

(5) Make prompt and diligent effort to recover erroneous payments until the debt is paid in full or determined to be uncollectible by the Carrier because it is no longer cost effective to pursue further collection efforts or it would be against equity and good conscience to continue collection efforts;

(6) Suspend recovery efforts for a debt which is based upon a claim that has been appealed as a disputed claim under Section 2.8, until the appeal has been resolved;

(7)(i) The Carrier may charge the contract for benefit payments made erroneously but in good faith provided that it can document that it <u>made a prompt and diligent effort</u> to recover erroneous payments as described above.

(ii) Notwithstanding (g)(7)(i), the Carrier may not charge the contract for the administrative costs to correct erroneous benefit payments (or to correct processes or procedures that caused erroneous benefit payments) when the errors are egregious or repeated. These costs are deemed to be unreasonable and unallowable under section 3.2(b)(2)(ii);

(iii) The Carrier shall return to the Program an amount equal to the uncollected erroneous payment where the Contracting Officer determines that (a) the Carrier's failure to appropriately apply its operating procedure caused the erroneous payment and/or (b) that the Carrier failed to make a prompt and diligent effort to recover an erroneous payment.

(8) Maintain records that document individual unrecovered erroneous payment collection activities for audit or future reference.

(9) At the request of OPM, the Carrier shall provide evidence that it has taken the steps enumerated above in this subsection to promptly recover erroneous payments identified through the OPM audit process, including but not limited to overpayments related to Medicare coordination of benefits. The Contracting Officer may require the Carrier to establish and submit to the Contracting Officer a written corrective action plan.

(h) Erroneous payment recoveries may be reduced by any legal or collection agency

fees expended to obtain the recoveries and which are not otherwise payable under this experience-rated contract. The amount credited to the contract shall be the net amount remaining after deducting the related legal or collection agency fees.

(i) Notwithstanding subsection (f), the Carrier reserves the right to pay the Member directly for all covered services described in the agreed upon brochure text attached as Appendix A.