CHAPTER 44. DISCONTINUED SERVICE RETIREMENT

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Subchapter 44A. CSRS

Part 44A1. General Information

Subpart 44A1.1. Overview

Section 44A1.1-1. Introduction and Organization

A. Introduction

A discontinued service or involuntary retirement provides an immediate annuity for employees who are separated involuntarily, although the annuity may be actuarially reduced for age, depending on age at the time of separation. Employees who are separated for cause on charges of misconduct or delinquency are not eligible for a discontinued service retirement.

The final responsibility for determining whether a separation is involuntary for discontinued service annuity purposes rests with OPM. Whether a separation is voluntary depends on all the facts in a particular case; that is, it is the true substance of the action that governs, rather than the methods followed or the terminology used.

The availability of discontinued service retirement gives agencies a valuable personnel management tool to lessen the impact of an involuntary separation on a long-serving employee. Before supporting an application for discontinued service retirement, an agency should consider all of the facts and circumstances to determine whether it appears that the true nature of the action qualifies for discontinued service retirement. If it is later determined that a separation does not meet the standard for a discontinued service retirement, a separation may be canceled, or an annuity denied or terminated.

To curb the potential for abuse of discontinued service retirement, each agency should have internal controls that are sufficient to prevent abuses. Agency procedures should contain appropriate checks and balances, such as requiring that all personnel actions that can lead to involuntary separations for retirement purposes (for example, geographic reassignments and abolishment of positions) be independently approved by two individuals who are not in the same line of authority. Such controls increase employee confidence in the integrity of the personnel process.

B. Topics Covered

This subchapter covers:
- The eligibility requirements for a CSRS discontinued service retirement;
- The conditions that define involuntary separation;
- The documentation necessary for OPM to authorize and process a retirement under this Chapter;
- Counseling that an agency should give an employee before retirement.

C. Organization of Subchapter

The CSRS subchapter is divided into five parts.

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<td>22</td>
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<tr>
<td>44A4</td>
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<td>23</td>
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<tr>
<td>44A5</td>
<td>Advice to Employee</td>
<td>26</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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NOTE: Subchapter 44B about discontinued service retirement under FERS begins on page 30.

D. Statement of Authority

This subchapter is based on the laws and regulations cited below.
- United States Code: 5 U.S.C. 8336(d)
- Code of Federal Regulations: 5 CFR 831.503

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Section 44A1.1-2. Definitions

A. Involuntary Separation

An involuntary separation that may qualify an employee for a discontinued service retirement is any separation against the will and without the consent of the employee other than a separation for cause on charges of misconduct or delinquency. These non-disciplinary actions are documented on the SF 50, Notification of Personnel Action, as "terminations."

EXAMPLES: Separations that are involuntary for discontinued service retirement purposes include, but are not limited to, separations for:
- Reduction-in-force (RIF);
- Abolishment of position;
- Lack of funds;
- Expiration of incumbent's term of office;
- Unacceptable performance (unless due to employee's misconduct);
- Transfer of function outside commuting area;
- Reassignment outside commuting area when no mobility agreement exists;
- Failure to continue to meet qualification requirements of the position (provided the separation is non-disciplinary and the action is initiated by the agency);
- Separation during probation because of failure to qualify due to performance (not misconduct);
- Separation of a National Guard technician because of loss of military membership or the rank required to hold the National Guard position; and,
- Removal from the Senior Executive Service for less than fully successful performance (under title 5, United States Code., Ch. 43, Subch. II). reconsideration

B. Local Commuting Area

A local commuting area is defined in 5 CFR Part 351, Reduction-in-Force, as the geographic area that usually constitutes one area for employment purposes.

It includes any population center (or two or more neighboring ones) and the surrounding localities in which people live and reasonably can be expected to travel back and forth daily in their usual employment.

This definition of local commuting area is also used for retirement, severance pay, and grade/pay retention purposes.

C. Comparison Rate

Comparison rate is defined for grade and pay retention in 5 CFR 536.103

This definition is also used for discontinued service retirement.
D. Reasonable Offer

A job offer that meets all of the conditions below is a "reasonable offer."

1. The agency offer of the position must be in writing.
2. The employee must meet established qualification requirements for the position.
3. The position offered must be in the employee's agency (employing agency includes a successor agency to which the employee, along with their function, is transferred in a transfer of function between agencies).
4. The offered position must be within the employee's commuting area, unless the employee is under a geographic mobility agreement.
5. The offered position must be of the same tenure. An appointment of the same tenure means the same expectations of continued employment:
   a. Same service (competitive, excepted, Senior Executive Service, etc.);
      i. Example: The offer of a Schedule A excepted position to a competitive service employee or the offer of a non-SES position to an SES employee is not a reasonable offer since the offered positions are not of the same tenure.
   b. Same type (career, permanent, indefinite, etc.);
   c. Same work schedule.
      i. Example: A full-time career employee must be offered a full-time career position; a part-time excepted employee must be offered a part-time excepted position of at least the same number of hours.
6. The offered position must not be lower than the equivalent of 2 grade/pay levels below the employee's current grade or pay level.
   a. Grade or pay level for an employee who is not currently under grade retention is the grade or pay level of the position currently occupied.
   b. Grade or pay level for an employee who is currently under grade retention is the retained grade or pay level.
   c. To determine a grade level equivalent when the position offered is under a different pay schedule or system, refer to the comparison rate of the grade or pay level that is 2 grades or pay levels below that of the current position with the comparison rate of the grade or pay level of the offered position.
Section 44A1.1-2. Definitions

A. General

An employee who is involuntarily separated is eligible for a discontinued service annuity if all of the following conditions are met:

- Age and service requirements;
- Minimum civilian service requirement;
- Separation from a position subject to CSRS coverage;
- "One-out-of-two" requirement; and,
- No declination of a reasonable offer.

B. Minimum Age and Service

The employee must meet one of the age and service requirements below at separation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age is at least...</th>
<th>and Creditable Service is at least...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>50</td>
<td>20 years</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>any age</td>
<td>25 years</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NOTE 1: If an employee has the minimum 5 years of creditable civilian service, creditable military service may be used to meet the balance of service necessary for a discontinued service retirement.

NOTE 2: Public Law 104-208 gives employees who are involuntarily separated the right to use their annual leave to achieve title for retirement and/or continued health benefits coverage.

NOTE 3: If an employee does not have the years of service for a Discontinued Service Retirement (DSR) but is eligible for voluntary retirement and the nature of separation is involuntary, the commencing date of the annuity is the day after separation/last day of pay.

CAUTION: Accrued and unused sick leave may not be used to meet either of the service requirements noted above.

C. When Employee is Eligible for Regular Retirement

When an employee qualifies for more than one type of retirement, the alternatives must be explained to allow the employee to make an informed decision. The employee is entitled to apply for the retirement option they prefer. The choice may depend on the employee's interest in subsequent Federal reemployment.

Agencies should inform the employee that the choice between taking a voluntary retirement or a discontinued service retirement could make a difference in future retirement rights if they are later reemployed as a reemployed annuitant.

If retirement is voluntary, pay on reemployment will be reduced by the amount of the annuity. See Chapter 100 for more information.

If retirement is for discontinued service after an involuntary separation, the annuity is terminated and the employee acquires a new retirement right if reemployment is not excluded from retirement.
coverage. See Chapter 100 for more information.

Inform the employee that an annuity under an involuntary retirement begins on the day after separation or the day after pay ceases and the requirements for title to an annuity are met.

**D. Minimum Civilian Service**

An employee must have at least 5 years of creditable civilian service to be eligible for a discontinued service annuity.

Creditable civilian service for this purpose includes:

- Service for which full CSRS deductions were taken (even if CSRS deductions were refunded and not redeposited);
- Service for which full social security taxes and reduced CSRS deductions were taken (even if CSRS deductions were refunded and not redeposited); and,
- Non-deduction service (that is, temporary or intermittent service), whether or not a deposit for such service is made or deemed made under the alternative annuity provisions.

**NOTE:** See Chapter 20, *Creditable Civilian Service*, for a full description of creditable service.

**E. Separation from Covered Position**

The employee must be separated from a position covered by retirement deductions.

**F. “One-Out-of-Two” Requirement**

An employee must be covered by CSRS for at least 1 year within the 2-year period immediately preceding the separation on which the annuity is based. The 1 year of service does not have to be continuous.

The following example assumes the employee is at least 57 years old.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Example</th>
<th>Service History</th>
<th>Eligible to Retire?</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Career appt. 8-17-1972&lt;br&gt;Separated 7-26-1980&lt;br&gt;Career reinstatement 9-4-1983&lt;br&gt;Separated 11-1-2015</td>
<td>Yes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Career appt. 8-1-1979&lt;br&gt;Separated 7-26-2005&lt;br&gt;Career reinstatement 9-4-2018&lt;br&gt;Separated 6-30-2019</td>
<td>No</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Comment:** The employee is not eligible to retire with an immediate annuity because he or she has less than 1 year of service during the 2-year period preceding the last date of separation.
G. Reasonable Offer

If an agency makes the employee a reasonable offer of another position in the employee's agency, the employee does not qualify for discontinued service retirement.
Part 44A2. Conditions for Involuntary Separation

Subpart 44A2.1. Conditions

Section 44A2.1-1. Condition: Requirement for Specific Written Notice

A. General Rule

To qualify for discontinued service retirement, an employee must receive specific written notice of a proposed involuntary separation.

B. Qualifying Special Notice

A notice must be directed to an individual employee and must:

- Inform the employee that they face involuntary separation from their position or from Federal service;

- Specify the reason for the proposed action (that is, impending organizational changes); and,

- State the date the proposed action is to be effective.

The form of a specific notice varies with the nature of the involuntary separation. In general, it is the notice that informs the employee that there has been a decision to effect the action. A proposal to take an action without a decision notice is insufficient.

In the case of a directed reassignment, it is the specific notice of a directed reassignment. In a reduction-in-force, it is the specific notice issued in accordance with the provisions of 5 CFR Part 351. In the case of an individual being removed for inefficiency or another type of action that must be processed under 5 CFR Parts 432 or 752 or other similar procedures, it is the notice of decision to remove, not the notice of proposed removal (although it may be necessary to submit the proposal notice as well when information therein is incorporated by reference in the decision notice). For an abolishment of position, it is a specific written notice that is issued under normal procedures, and which notifies the employee that the involuntary separation will be effected.

C. Sample Notice

A sample memorandum that demonstrates a specific notice of a position abolishment is included in subchapter 44C.
Section 44A2.1-2. Condition: Resignation in Lieu of Involuntary Separation

A. Resignation Before Involuntary Separation
   A resignation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee:
   - Receives notice that they will be involuntarily separated;
   - Has not received a reasonable offer of a position; and,
   - Resigns before the scheduled separation date.
   When the employee resigns, the nature of the action on the SF 50 is "312/Resignation-ILIA." (See The Guide to Processing Personnel Actions, formerly FPM Supplement 296 33.)

B. Resignation After Receiving Reasonable Offer
   A resignation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee:
   - Receives a reasonable offer of a position; and,
   - Resigns in lieu of accepting the offered position.

C. Resignation Before Receiving Notice
   A resignation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee:
   - Resigns before receiving an official notice of proposed separation or reduction in grade or pay level.

D. Resignation After Entering New Position
   A resignation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee:
   - Resigns after entering on duty in a new position.

E. Resignation After a Proposed Action Has Been Canceled
   A resignation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee:
   - Resigns after the proposed action has been canceled.
Chapter 44. Discontinued Service Retirement

Section 44A2.1-3. Condition: Directed Reassignments

A. Agency Authority to Reassign

An agency may order or direct an employee's reassignment to another position at the same grade or pay level. This right to reassign is a management prerogative to assure maximum utilization of the employee's skills. A directed reassignment out of the commuting area may, however, make an employee eligible for a discontinued service retirement unless the employee is under a mobility agreement.

B. Determination of Commuting Area

The employing agency uses RIF rules to determine the area that constitutes the local commuting area. This commuting area is then used for discontinued service retirement. (See 5 CFR Part 351.) If a local installation needs assistance in establishing a commuting area, it should seek assistance through agency channels.

C. Reassignment Within Commuting Area

A separation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if an employee refuses or fails to accept directed reassignment to another position:

- For which the employee meets qualification requirements, within two grade or pay levels; and,
- In the same commuting area.

D. Reassignment Outside Commuting Area

An employee's reassignment to another location outside the commuting area is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if:

- The new work site is outside the commuting area applicable to the old work site; and,
- Complying with the change would compel the employee to change his or her residence in order to continue employment.

Only if the new work site is outside the commuting area applicable to the old work site does each employee's personal circumstance become relevant.

EXAMPLE: Washington, DC, and Baltimore, MD are in separate commuting areas. Nonetheless, some employees live in one city and work in the other. If an employee who lives in Baltimore and commutes to Washington is reassigned to Baltimore, the employee does not become eligible for discontinued service retirement because they do not need to change residence.

E. Rule: Mobility Agreements

1. An employee who accepts a position that has a mobility requirement is not eligible for a discontinued service retirement if the employee subsequently declines a position outside the commuting area.

2. A separation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement:

   a. If a mobility agreement is added to an employee's position description after the employee accepts a position; and,
   b. The employee subsequently declines reassignment outside their commuting area.

3. A separation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement:
a. If, after the mobility agreement is added to an employee’s position description after the employee accept a position, the employee accepts one reassignment outside of the commuting area; and,

b. The employee subsequently declines geographic reassignment.

F. Rule: Mobility Agreements for SES Positions

Positions in the SES do not automatically carry with them the requirement that an employee accept rotational assignments or mobility as a condition of employment. Conditions listed in paragraph E above must be considered.
Chapter 44. Discontinued Service Retirement

Section 44A2.1-4. Condition: Job Abolishment

A. Definition of Term

Abolishment of position means the actual termination of the job, with the duties being eliminated entirely or combined with the duties of another position or positions.

B. Job Abolishment Applicable

There is a job abolishment for discontinued service retirement when:
- An agency eliminates a position by eliminating entirely the duties of the position or combining them with the duties of another position; and
- The agency specifically identified the position to be abolished within the organizational structure.

C. No Material Change: Job Abolishment Not Applicable

There is no job abolishment for Discontinued Service Retirement purposes when there is no material change in official job responsibilities and duties and:
- The position merely has been re-described; or
- A paperwork transaction eliminates one position and creates another; or
- There is only a change in title and/or series.

D. Successor Position: Job Abolishment Not Applicable

There is no job abolishment for discontinued service retirement purposes so long as a successor position can be identified in the new organization that is not materially different from that in the present organization.

E. Identical Position: Job Abolishment Not Applicable

There is no job abolishment for discontinued service retirement purposes when an agency declares one or more of a group of identical positions surplus and reduces the number of employees performing the same work.
- In this situation, it is not possible to identify which employee's position has been abolished.
- Under such circumstances, the abolishment of position cannot by itself be the basis for discontinued service retirement.
- If RIF procedures are then used and result in the separation of individuals who meet the age and/or service requirements for discontinued service retirement, it is the RIF and not the abolishment of position that creates the title to annuity.

F. Identical Position: General Rule

Generally, as long as positions are under identical position descriptions, the positions are considered identical. However, when agency policy is to use generic position descriptions for multiple positions, and there are substantial differences in the actual duties performed, the positions may be considered as different positions for discontinued service retirement purposes if the differences are officially recognized by the employing agency.

G. Identical Position: Standards

The test is whether there are sufficient differences between the positions so that the positions would
be under separate position descriptions, but for the organizational policy to keep position descriptions at a generic level.

They may include:

- differences in the subject matter of the duties performed;
- differences in the knowledge required to perform the duties; or,
- other differences between the duties of the positions that would prevent incumbents of the positions from moving freely from one position to the other.

However, if there are only inconsequential differences in the work performed, the positions will still be considered to be identical.

Positions in different RIF competitive areas, even if otherwise completely the same, are not considered identical positions. However, within the same RIF competitive area, positions with the same duties will be considered to be identical even if they are in different organizational units.

As under the basic rule, there is no basis for discontinued service retirement based on position abolishment unless all of those positions that are identical are abolished.

**EXAMPLE:** An office has four GS-4 accounting technicians who perform identical duties. When the office obtains new, more efficient equipment, only three technicians are needed; therefore, one position is abolished.

Since all four technicians have the same duties, none of them is eligible for discontinued service retirement by reason of abolishment of position. If the agency reassigns one of the four to another position in the same commuting area at the same grade, then no one would be eligible for discontinued service retirement. If the agency chooses to use RIF procedures and separates one of the four, that employee's separation would be qualifying for discontinued service retirement purposes.

**EXAMPLE:** An office has four GS-4 accounting technicians, of whom two handle type "A" accounts requiring very specialized skills, and the other two handle type "B" accounts requiring different skills. There were different knowledge, skills, and abilities (KSA's) in the most recently used vacancy announcements, and there are different critical elements in the performance standards. Thus, there are two separate positions even though there is only one position description. If the agency abolished both type "A" positions, then the separations would be qualifying for discontinued service retirement purposes. However, if the agency abolished one type "A" and one type "B" position, there would be no discontinue service retirement eligibility based on abolishment of position.

**EXAMPLE:** An agency central office has several sections of clerks performing identical duties. The only difference among the sections is that each handles cases coming from a different geographic region. A reorganization results in the consolidation of central office sections and the elimination of one of the section chief positions. Since there is no difference among the duties of the section chief positions, none of the section chiefs are eligible for discontinued service retirement by reason of abolishment of position.

**H. Identical Position: Procedures**

When more than one position exists under a single position description, an application for discontinued service retirement must be accompanied by a statement of differences. The statement will explain how the positions being abolished are different from all other positions under the same position description, and be accompanied by documentation to support the statement.
While not all items will be present under all circumstances, the types of supportive documentation could include (but not be limited to):

Prior use of different vacancy announcements that show significant differences in the knowledge, skills, and abilities (KSA’s) requirements.

- Performance appraisals reflecting different critical elements.
- Formal documentation of differences in the regular work assignments.
- Different work report forms that reflect different duties.

If there is no preexisting documentation, then there must be a supporting statement from the head of the personnel organization at the next higher level (if there is one) above the personnel office serving the installation in which the positions are located. That supporting statement must explain why there is no existing documentation demonstrating the differences between the positions.
Section 44A2.1-5. Condition: Disability or Illness

A. Policy

Generally, a resignation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement when an employee resigns because of illness.

However, an involuntary separation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if an employee is removed by adverse action or equivalent procedures (or retires after receiving a decision to remove), under conditions not involving misconduct or delinquency, because of illness resulting in one or more of the following:

- Continued absence:
- Inability to perform his or her duties; or,
- Endangering his or her health or that of other employees.

B. Agency Responsibility

The agency must make reasonable accommodation (includes reassignment) to an employee:

- Who produces acceptable medical evidence of an impairment that limits one or more of his or her major life activities; and

- Who can show that he or she is a qualified handicapped employee who, with or without reasonable accommodation, can perform the essential functions of the position without endangering his or her health or safety or that of others.
Section 44A2.1-6. Condition: Reclassification to Lower Grade

A. General

If a position is downgraded as the result of reorganization, the position must first be abolished then the employee afforded the opportunity to retire (if eligible and the downgrade is more than two grade pay levels) or to compete for other positions under RIF procedures. The agency should not merely downgrade the employee, as would be done in the case of misclassification.

B. Rule: Classification Actions

The reclassification of a position because of misclassification or the application of a new classification standard does not entitle the employee to resign and receive a discontinued service retirement based on the reclassification action.

Correcting the title, series and/or grade of a position does not mean that the position itself is being abolished or that the employee is not qualified to perform its duties. It only means that the position was mistitled, in the wrong series, or mis-graded.
Section 44A2.1-7. Condition: Reduction-in-Force Actions

A. Policy

A separation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee:

- Has been reached on a retention register for separation under a reduction-in-force; and,
- Receives a specific reduction-in-force notice.
Section 44A2.1-8. Condition: Expiration of Appointment

A. General Rule

A separation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee voluntarily leaves regular long-term (career) employment to accept a short-term appointment with full knowledge of its early termination.

B. Exception

In certain situations, terminations from short-term employment may be considered involuntary for discontinued service retirement. This would be the case if the appointment immediately followed an involuntary separation. This would also be true if the employee could have retired under a Voluntary Early Retirement Authority (VERA), but accepted a time limited appointment at the agency's request.

Under the circumstances described in the prior paragraph, if an agency has a legitimate management need for an employee's services on a short-term basis, it is not inappropriate to use such an appointment to meet the management need, even if the appointment creates title to annuity. However, if the short-term employment was arranged solely to create title to an annuity, the separation is not considered qualifying for discontinued service retirement.

A separation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if the employee received a specific notice of separation from regular long-term (career) employment, did not decline a "reasonable offer," moved to a time-limited appointment without a break in excess of 3 days, and is involuntarily separated from the time-limited appointment.

NOTE: OPM Form 1510 should be used to document this separation even though the employee is going without a break in service to a time-limited appointment.

EXAMPLE 1: A 47-year-old employee is about to be separated with 24 years 8 months of service because the base where the employee works is closing. The agency needs 20 employees on a temporary basis to do environmental clean-up after the base closes. The agency offers the employee a temporary appointment NTE 1 year with no break in service. The work is finished in 8 months and the employee's temporary appointment is terminated. The employee now has more than 25 years of service, and is eligible for a discontinued service annuity since his separations from both the long term and short term employment were involuntary and there was no break in service. However, if the employee had resigned after 6 months, his final separation would be voluntary and not qualifying for discontinued service retirement.

EXAMPLE 2: An employee who would be eligible to retire during an OPM-approved "early out" accepts, at the agency's request, a time-limited appointment with no break in service to help wind down a program operation. The employee's subsequent separation from the time-limited appointment would qualify for discontinued service retirement as an involuntary separation. OPM will request additional evidence from the former employing agency and the employee to establish the true substance of an action if there is any doubt that a separation is actually involuntary for retirement purposes.

C. Employee With Reinstatement Right

An employee who leaves regular employment to accept an assignment that guarantees reinstatement rights to their former employment must first exercise those reinstatement reemployment rights before determination of their eligibility for discontinued service retirement.
Section 44A2.1-9. Condition: Unacceptable Performance (Inefficiency)

A. Definition of Term

Unacceptable performance means the failure to fulfill the requirements of high standards of service. In other words, the employee's work may not measure up to the standards the agency expects, due to their actual inability to do the work after sincere effort.

EXAMPLE: This inability to fulfill service requirements might be due to deterioration of previous capabilities or to a change in the job, such as automation, to which the employee is unable to adjust.

B. Contrast

Unacceptable performance is distinguished from misconduct or delinquency, which denotes culpable wrongdoing.

C. Rule

A separation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if it is caused by unacceptable performance. The separation may be processed under 5 CFR Part 432 or 752 (or similar procedures for employees not covered by these regulations).

D. Demotion in Lieu of Separation

A reduction in grade for unacceptable performance does not qualify the employee for discontinued service retirement because the downgrading is not an involuntary separation from service.

However, if the agency proposes the employee's separation, and offers a position more than two grade pay levels below the employee's current position as an alternative to separation, the employee may retire on a discontinued service retirement instead of accepting the reduction in grade.
Section 44A2.1-10. Condition: Resignation Requested

A. Rule: New Administration

A resignation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if an employee submits his or her resignation in response to a written request from a recognized representative of a new incoming Administration. The representative must have the authority to request the employee's resignation and the resignation must be requested specifically from that employee.

B. Rule: New Agency Head

A resignation is qualifying for discontinued service retirement if an employee submits their resignation in response to a written request from a newly appointed agency head.

C. Rule: Schedule C and Non-career SES

Schedule C and non-career SES employees serve at the pleasure of the agency and can be asked to resign at any time. A resignation is qualifying for discontinued service if an employee submits the resignation in response to a written request. The separation is not qualifying for DSR if it is for personal cause.

D. Rule: Resignation in Anticipation of Request

A resignation is not qualifying for discontinued service retirement if an employee submits a resignation:
- Based on the belief or possibility that the resignation will be requested; or,
- Based solely on personal conviction or choice.

E. Copy Required

A copy of the request for resignation must accompany the retirement application.

NOTE: File the original on the right side of the OPF/MRPF.
Section 44A2.1-11. Condition: Separation of Presidential Appointees and Immediate Staff

A. Confidential Relationship

Presidential appointees, and the staff who work closely with them in policy-making or confidential positions or Schedule C subordinate positions, are expected to support Administration objectives and to maintain a confidential relationship with the Administration officials for whom they work. They also generally serve at the will of the appointing official. When the confidential relationship required for continuing in the position ends, the separation of an official in this category is involuntary for retirement purposes.

B. Resignation Accepted: Presidential Appointee

The separation of a presidentially appointed policy-making officer, because the President accepted the resignation, is involuntary. The resignation is considered involuntary whenever it is submitted and accepted, not just with the advent of a new Administration.

C. Resignation of Non-career SES Member or Schedule C Employee

When it is known that a Presidential appointee is leaving, the resignation of a non-career SES Member or Schedule C Excepted service employee who works for the Presidential appointee is involuntary for retirement purposes.

D. Documentation

The agency must include with the retirement application a statement that the President accepted the resignation of the appointee, or that the Presidential appointee, for whom a non-career SES Member or Schedule C employee works, is leaving.
Part 44A3. Effect of Discontinued Service Retirement on Benefits

Subpart 44A3.1. Effect of Discontinued Service Retirement

Section 44A3.1-1. Rules

A. Reduction for Early Retirement

If the retiring employee is under age 55, the annuity rate is reduced by one-sixth of one percent for each full month (two percent a year), if any, that the employee is under age 55.

The annuity rate will not increase when the annuitant reaches age 55.

B. Commencing Date of Annuity

A discontinued service annuity commences on the earlier of the day after separation, or on the day after pay ceases and the applicant meets the age and service requirements for the annuity.

C. Severance Pay

A separation that meets discontinued service criteria also meets severance pay criteria. The severance benefit payable is based on the employee's age and length of service.

Note, however, that severance pay is not payable in situations in which the employee is eligible for discontinued service retirement. (See 5 CFR 550.705(5)).

D. Effect on Appeals of Removals

An employee can retire after having received a decision of removal. Under precedent decisions by the Merit Systems Protection Board, an employee can retire or file an application to retire without prejudice to their appeal rights after a decision to remove is received. For further information, employees should contact agency personnel who handle adverse actions.
Part 44A4  Required Documentation

Subpart 44A4.1. Documentation Types

Section 44A4.1-1  Documentation in Advance Advisory Opinions of Eligibility Requests

A. General
The final responsibility for determining whether a separation is involuntary for discontinued service retirement purposes rests with OPM.

B. Advisory Opinion From OPM
When doubt exists about whether a proposed action would qualify for a discontinued service retirement, the employing agency may request an advance advisory opinion from OPM.

OPM will review all the information the agency provides. Whether a separation is determined to be involuntary depends upon all the facts in a particular case: it is the true substance of the action that governs rather than the procedures followed or the terminology used.

The request must be made by the agency headquarters Benefits Officer at least 30 to 45 days prior to the effective date of the employee's proposed separation from service.

C. Transmittal Letter: Contents
The letter from the agency must contain a factual narrative of the situation, including:

- The affected employee's name, date of birth, position title, grade, and duty location;
- A detailed service history, and
- Copies of the general or specific notice issued to the employee and any other written letters or memoranda between the agency and the employee that refer to the action.
- The agency's assessment of whether the proposed action meets the legal criteria for discontinued service retirement.

Where applicable, the letter must also include:

- Copies of old and new position descriptions;
- Old and new organizational charts;
- Any other documentation the agency has relied on in taking the action, including any settlement agreements between the agency and the employee

D. OPM Address
Send the request via email to

- the OPM liaison assigned to the agency,
- benefits@opm.gov

- Or via standard mail to:
  Office of Personnel Management
  Benefits Officers Liaison and Development
  1900 E Street NW Attn: [insert the name of the OPM liaison here]
  Washington DC  20415-0001

Label the outside of the envelope and the heading to the letter "Discontinued Service Retirement."
E. **Note**

Do not submit the employee's application for retirement at this point.
Section 44A4.1-2 Documentation Where Advance Advisory Opinion of Eligibility Is Unnecessary

A. General

In all cases where an involuntary separation has occurred and the employee meets the age and service requirements for discontinued service retirement, the employing agency must follow the procedures described in Chapter 40, Planning and Applying for Retirement.

B. Standard Forms

The forms necessary to apply for optional voluntary retirement must be submitted to OPM. (See Chapter 41, Voluntary Retirement Based on Age and Service, section 41A4.1-1).

C. Additional Documentation

The following documentation must also be included in the submission:

- A copy of the written notice to the employee that the employee faces involuntary separation from their position as of some specific date;

- A copy of any correspondence received from OPM regarding the matter of the employee's separation, including a copy of OPM's approval of general notice (see section 44A2.1-1); and,

- OPM Form 1510, in which the agency certifies that a reasonable offer of another position was not made to the employee. OPM Form 1510 may be reproduced locally from the facsimile in subchapter 44C.
Part 44A5 Advice to Employee

Subpart 44A4.1. Documentation Types

Section 44A5.1-1 Advice to Employee

A. General

The agency must assist employees in completing their retirement applications. See Chapter 40. In addition to the information in Chapter 40, the following information is to be provided to employees.

B. Reduction for Early Retirement

The agency should explain to an employee retiring under the age of 55 that the annuity rate is reduced by one-sixth of one percent for each full month (2 percent a year) if any, that the employee is under age 55.

The annuity rate will not increase when the annuitant reaches age 55.

C. Alternative Annuity Election

Non-disability retirees who have a life-threatening affliction or other critical medical condition currently listed in 5 CFR 831.2207 may elect the alternative annuity. See Chapter 53, Alternative Annuity Elections, for more detailed information.
Subchapter 44B  FERS

Part 44B1  General Information

Subpart 44B1.1. Overview and Organization

Section 44B1.1-1  Overview

A. Introduction

Subchapter 44B contains the rules and policies that apply to discontinued service retirement under the Federal Employees Retirement System (FERS).

This subchapter explains how FERS differs from CSRS. It refers readers to the CSRS rule that applies or gives the FERS rule if it is different.

B. Organization of Subchapter

The FERS subchapter has three parts.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Part</th>
<th>Name of Part</th>
<th>Page</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>44B1</td>
<td>General Information</td>
<td>27</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44B2</td>
<td>Effect of Discontinued Service Retirement on Benefits</td>
<td>30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>44B3</td>
<td>Advice to Employee</td>
<td>31</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Applicable CSRS Provisions

The following section and parts of subchapter 44A apply entirely to FERS employees:
- Section 44A1.1-2: Definitions
- Part 44A2: Conditions for Involuntary Separation
- Part 44A4: Required Documentation

D. Statement of Authority

This subchapter is based on the laws and regulations cited below.
- United States Code: 5 U.S.C. 8414(b)
- Code of Federal Regulations: 5 CFR 842.206 and 842.211
Section 44B1.1-2 Employee Eligibility Requirements

A. General

An employee under FERS who is involuntarily separated is eligible for a discontinued service annuity if all of the following conditions are met:

- Age and service requirements;
- Minimum civilian service requirement;
- Separation from a position subject to FERS coverage; and,
- "Reasonable offer" requirement.

NOTE: There is no "1-out-of-2" requirement under FERS as there is under CSRS. Thus, an employee who elects to transfer to FERS does not have to be under FERS for 1 year to be eligible to retire. It is possible for an employee's separation for retirement to occur on the same day (but not before) the FERS election becomes effective, provided that the employee meets the other requirements.

B. Note: Minimum Age and Service

Under FERS, post-1956 military service cannot be used unless the employee makes the military deposit before retirement.

C. Minimum Civilian Service

An employee must have at least 5 years of creditable civilian service to be eligible for a discontinued service annuity.

Creditable civilian service for this purpose includes:

- Service for which full FERS deductions are made, (even if FERS deductions were refunded and not redeposited);
- Non-deduction service (that is, temporary or intermittent service) performed prior to January 1, 1989, if a deposit for such service is made or deemed made under the alternative annuity provisions;
- Service for which full Social Security taxes and full or reduced CSRS deductions were taken, (even if CSRS deductions were refunded and not redeposited; and,

For individuals eligible for a CSRS annuity component:

- Non-deduction CSRS service (that is, temporary or intermittent service) whether or not a deposit for such service is made or deemed made under the alternative annuity provisions;

NOTE: See Chapter 20 for a full description of creditable service.

D. Non-creditable Civilian Service

The following service performed under FERS may not be used in meeting the 5-year minimum service requirement:

- Non-deduction service (that is, temporary or intermittent service) performed on or after January 1, 1989.

E. Separation From Covered Position

The employee must be separated from a position covered by retirement deductions.
F. Loss of Military Rank or Membership

Under FERS, loss of military rank or membership may result in an involuntary separation for military reserve technicians.

G. Applicable CSRS Provisions

The age and service requirements (except as noted in paragraph B above) and the reasonable offer requirement explained in CSRS section 44A1.1 apply entirely under FERS.
Part 44B2  Effect of Discontinued Service Retirement on Benefits

Subpart 44B2.1. Effect of Discontinued Service Retirement

Section 44B2.1-1  Rules

A. Reduction for Early Retirement
   There is no annuity reduction in FERS for employees who retire on a discontinued service annuity under the age of 55.

   Transferees with a CSRS annuity component:
   If the retiring employee is under age 55, the CSRS portion of the annuity is reduced by one-sixth of one percent for each full month (two percent a year) if any, that the employee is under age 55. The annuity rate on this portion of the benefit will not increase when the annuitant reaches age 55. No reduction will be applied to the FERS portion of a transferee's annuity.

B. Retiree Annuity Supplement
   In general, a retiree annuity supplement is payable to an employee retiring with a discontinued service annuity when they reach the Minimum Retirement Age (MRA).

   For rules regarding eligibility for and payment of the retiree annuity supplement, see Chapter 51, Retiree Annuity Supplement.

   For rules regarding the applicability of the MRA, see Chapter 41.

C. Commencing Date of Annuity
   For FERS retirements, a discontinued service annuity commences on the day after separation only when the retiree is at least age 50 with at least 20 years of service or, is any age with at least 25 years of service (see 5 CFR 842.206(d)).

   If an employee is involuntarily separated and meets general eligibility requirements to retire but does not have at least 20 years of service, (for example, separated at age 62 with 15 years of service), the annuity will commence on the first of the following month.
Part 44B3 Advice to Employee

Subpart 44B2.1. Advice to Employee

Section 44B3.1-1 Rules

A. Applicable CSRS Provisions

The advice provisions in CSRS section 44A5.1-1, with one exception, apply entirely under FERS. The exception is noted below.

B. Reduction for Early Retirement

The agency should explain to the employee that there is no annuity reduction in FERS for employees who retire on a discontinued service annuity under the age of 55.

Transferees with a CSRS annuity component:

If the retiring employee is under age 55, the CSRS portion of the annuity is reduced by one-sixth of one percent for each full month (two percent a year), if any, that they are under the age of 55. The annuity rate on this portion of the benefit will not increase when the annuitant reaches age 55. No reduction will be applied to the FERS portion of a transferee's annuity.
Subchapter 44C  Job Aids

Part 44C1  Job Aids

Subpart 44C1.1. Copies of Job Aids

Section 44C1.1-1  List of Job Aids

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Job Aid</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Sample Specific Written Notice</td>
<td>This job aid illustrates the points a specific notice needs to contain to establish eligibility for a discontinued service retirement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Certification of Agency Offer of Position and Required Documentation</td>
<td>The most recent version of the OPM Form 1510 can be found here:</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(OPM Form 1510)</td>
<td><a href="https://www.opm.gov/forms/pdf_fill/opm1510.pdf">https://www.opm.gov/forms/pdf_fill/opm1510.pdf</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
SAMPLE: SPECIFIC WRITTEN NOTICE

DATE:

FROM: (NAME)

TO: (NAME)

SUBJECT: Eligibility for discontinued service retirement based on position abolishment

REFERENCE: (a) CSRS and FERS Handbook for Personnel and Payroll Offices

1. The duties of your position are being combined with those of Human Resources Specialist, GS-201/12 to better utilize resources. Your position will be abolished no later than (date) as a result of this action.

2. We do not know at this time how the abolishment of your position will affect you other than you will no longer occupy your present position and may be separated from service. Official retention registers will be used to determine your assignment rights in accordance with reduction-in-force procedures, and you will receive specific advance notice at least 60 days prior to the effective date of the personnel action to be taken. We are advising you of the abolishment of your position now to assist you in your personal planning.

3. Your records show that you meet the age and service requirements for discontinued service retirement as explained in reference (a). Because of the abolishment of your position, you are eligible to apply for discontinued service retirement. If you are interested in further information on this subject, please contact (name), HR Specialist, at (phone number).

4. Please be assured that you are under no obligation or pressure to apply for discontinued service retirement. This is not a reduction-in-force notice; rather, as noted above, it is advance information provided to you for personal planning purposes.

5. If you qualify for and are offered a position within the commuting area that is not lower than two grades below that of your current position, you will no longer be eligible to apply for discontinued service retirement.
Section 44C1.1-3  Job Aid: Certification of Agency Offer of Position and Required Documentation (OPM Form 1510)

The most recent version of the OPM Form 1510 can be found here:  

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Instructions to Agency Personnel</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Complete this certification whenever an employee is being separated for discontinued service retirement. Attach the completed form to the employee's application for retirement. If a properly completed certification does not accompany an employee's retirement application, OPM will not authorize any annuity payments, including interim payments, until the certification is received, unless the employee is also eligible for retirement based on his or her age and service. A job offer is a &quot;reasonable offer&quot; if all of the following conditions are met:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. The agency offer of the position must be in writing.</td>
<td>4. The offered position must be within the employee's commuting area, unless the employee is under a geographic mobility agreement.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. The employee must meet established qualification requirements for the position.</td>
<td>5. The offered position must be of the same tenure as the current position.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. The offered position must be in the employee's agency, including an agency to which the employee is transferred with his/her function in a transfer of function between agencies.</td>
<td>6. The offered position must be within the current grade or pay level.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Certification**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Applicant's name (last, first, middle)</th>
<th>2. Date of birth (month, day, year)</th>
<th>3. Social Security Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>4. Is the employee in the Senior Executive Service?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>If &quot;Yes&quot;, is the discontinued service retirement eligibility based on:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No</td>
<td>Failure to be recertified?</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Less than fully successful performance?</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Other (explain)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>5. Was the employee given a written offer of a position in your agency (or in another agency to which his or her function was transferred in a transfer of function between agencies)?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes: Also complete items 6-13 below.</td>
<td>No: Skip to Agency Certification, items 14-18.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>6. Give employee's current job title, classification series and grade:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>7. Give the offered position's job title, classification series and grade:</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>8. The offered position was (check the appropriate box):</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Within the commuting area</td>
<td>Outside the commuting area</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>9. Was a geographic mobility agreement in effect for the employee?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>10. Was the offered position of the same work schedule (full-time for full-time employee, part time of at least the same number of hours for part-time employee, etc.)?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>11. Was the offered position of the same tenure, i.e., in the same service (competitive, excepted, or Senior Executive Service) and of the same type (career, permanent, indefinite, etc.)?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>12. Does the employee meet the X-118 or equivalent qualifications of the offered position?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>13. Was the grade or pay level of the offered position within two grades or pay levels of the employee's position?</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yes</td>
<td>No</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Agency Certification**

I certify that the above information accurately describes the agency's offer of position to the applicant, if such offer was made, and that documentation required in Chapter 44 of CSRS and FERS Handbook for Personnel and Payroll Offices is attached.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>14. Signature of responsible agency personnel officer</th>
<th>15. Telephone number</th>
<th>16. Date</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>17. Typed name and title of responsible agency personnel officer</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18. Name and mailing address of agency</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>